UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

or the strict of Ulinois

	Northern District of Illinois
Suzy Martin)
Plaintiff)
v.) Civil Action No. 21-cv-5494
Susan Haling et al.)
Defendant)

WAIVER OF THE SERVICE OF SUMMONS

To: Ricardo Meza, Meza Law (Name of the plaintiff's attorney or unrepresented plaintiff)	
	eep all defenses or objections to the lawsuit, the court's
I also understand that I, or the entity I represent, must a 60 days from $\frac{10.18.2021}{}$, the date when the United States). If I fail to do so, a default judgment will be entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent, must a second state of the entity I represent a seco	file and serve an answer or a motion under Rule 12 within this request was sent (or 90 days if it was sent outside the tered against me or the entity I represent.
Date: 10.18.2021	/s/ Christy L. Michaelson
	Signature of the attorney or unrepresented party
Board of Education of City of Chicago	Christy L. Michaelson
Printed name of party waiving service of summons	Printed name
	Board of Education of City of Chicago 1 N. Dearborn St., Suite 900 Chicago, IL 60602
	Address
	clmichaelson@cps.edu
	E-mail address
	773.553.1723
	Telephone number

Duty to Avoid Unnecessary Expenses of Serving a Summons

Rule 4 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure requires certain defendants to cooperate in saving unnecessary expenses of serving a summons and complaint. A defendant who is located in the United States and who fails to return a signed waiver of service requested by a plaintiff located in the United States will be required to pay the expenses of service, unless the defendant shows good cause for the failure.

"Good cause" does *not* include a belief that the lawsuit is groundless, or that it has been brought in an improper venue, or that the court has no jurisdiction over this matter or over the defendant or the defendant's property.

If the waiver is signed and returned, you can still make these and all other defenses and objections, but you cannot object to the absence of a summons or of service.

If you waive service, then you must, within the time specified on the waiver form, serve an answer or a motion under Rule 12 on the plaintiff and file a copy with the court. By signing and returning the waiver form, you are allowed more time to respond than if a summons had been served.